### 10 Years Standing Together to Prevent Falls

AOTA/APTA's AGPT

Fall Prevention Presentation 2017







#### Are falls preventable?



Photo from giftsandcollectiblesgalore.wordpress.com

#### YES!

Falls are largely preventable!
Come learn how.

#### Today's Discussion

- Definition of a fall
- Fear of falling
- Risk factors for falling
- Action steps to reduce YOUR fall risk



Illustration © Timurd

#### What is a "fall"?

- Landing on the ground or some lower surface when you didn't intend to be there.
- Includes slips, trips, etc.
- Does not include a medical event.

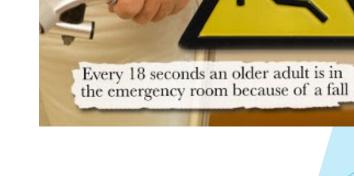


Image from Creative Common

Schumway-Cook, 2000

#### Have you had a fall?

- Have you had a fall in the past year? Did you tell your primary care provider?
- Were you hurt?
- Do you worry about falling?
- Do you feel unsteady when standing or walking?
- A previous fall increases your future fall risk.

#### Do you limit activities?

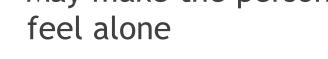
- Fear of Falling is a lasting concern about falling that may cause a person to stop doing activities s/he remains able to do.
- Fear of falling increases future fall risk.
- Tinetti and Powell, 1993



www.bing.com

#### Why does fear of falling matter?

- May stop you from activities
- Legs weaken with inactivity
- Inactivity leads to falls
- May make the person





www.ncoa.org

May cause depression

#### Types of Fall Risk Factors

#### Most falls result from a number of risk factors:

- Physical risk factors: Changes in your body that increase your risk for a fall
- Behavioral risk factors: Things we do or don't do that increase our fall risk
- Environmental risk factors: Hazards in our home or community



#### Fall Risk Factors

#### You CAN change:

- Physical inactivity
- Home environment
- Vision
- Medication Use
- Fear of falling
- Social isolation
- Weakness
- Improper use of assistive devices

#### You CAN'T change:

- Age
- Gender
- Ethnic background

### What can YOU do to prevent falls?

- Exercise to improve your balance and strength. It takes 50 hours every 6 months to improve balance.
- Have your doctor or pharmacist review your medicines
- Have your vision checked
- Make your home safer





#### **Exercise Recommendations**



- Talk to your doctor before starting an exercise program.
- Begin with PT or fall prevention classes.
- Be sure classes are for your age group &/or ability level.
- Stick with it!

### **Environmental Recommendations**

- Identify and eliminate fall hazards in your home and community
- Check for Safety Brochure in CDC's STEADI Toolkit
- An OT or PT can help identify safety issues and solutions



AGS/BGS, 2010; Panel on Prevention, 2011

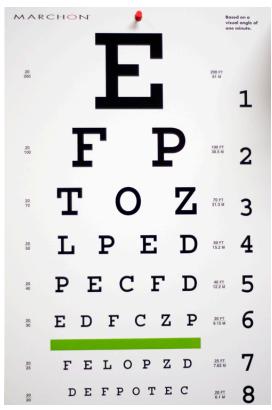
#### Medications and Falls Risk

- Side effects may make you dizzy
- Medication changes can increase fall risk
- Use one pharmacy.
- Ask for an annual medication review.
- Be sure you can read your labels.



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#### Vision and Falls Risk



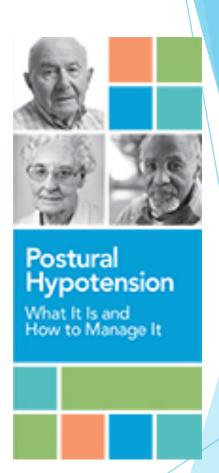
http://www.steadmaneye.com/ clipart/eyecharts/eye\_chart.jpg

- Ask for annual eye exams after age 50.
- Multifocal lenses may blur or distort your vision looking down. Use separate reading glasses.
- Removing cataract(s) may reduce fall risk.

AGS & BGS, 2010

#### **Blood Pressure and Fall Risk**

- Check your blood pressure regularly.
- If you get dizzy when you stand up, see your doctor and have your 'sit to stand' blood pressure checked.
- Some blood pressure medications increase fall risk; speak with your doctor. Be very careful after a beginning a new medication.



### **Chronic Conditions and Fall Risk**

- Chronic Conditions may contribute to your fall risk. Careful management will limit the risk.
  - Diabetes
  - Arthritis
  - Stroke
  - Neurological disorders like Multiple Sclerosis (MS) or Parkinson's
  - Chronic Pain
  - Depression
  - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
  - Sleep disorders

#### Risk of Falling May Increase

- Change in your medications
- Illness or infection
- > Pain
- Lack of sleep
- Sad or worried
- Reduced activity level
- Change in use of cane or walker
- Move to new home



http://www.opinionscentral.com/wp-content/uploads/ 2015/05/Medline-Folding-Rollator-Walker-with-Folding-8-inch-Wheel.jpg

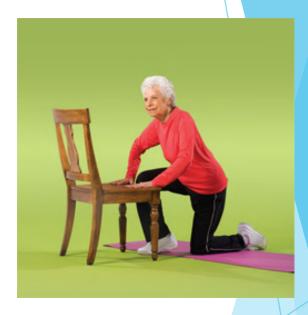
#### Start Small

#### Choose one risk factor to address first ---

- Pharmacist & Doctor review medications for side effects that may cause you to fall
- Occupational Therapist home assessment and recommendations to make your home safer
- Physical Therapist help with physical activity, balance, strength, and moving safely

#### If a Fall Occurs .....

- Check for injury
- Call for help, if needed
- Seek medical attention right away if you might have hit your head
- Call your doctor
- Check for safety hazards
- Learn how to get up safely from your physical therapist



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# Evidence-Based Fall Prevention Programs

### Otago Exercise Program(OEP)

- Done one-to-one with a trained PT and is delivered as part of a complete PT program. Sometimes used in small groups with a PT/PTA.
- Includes exercise and walking program designed for you.
- If you or your physician feel you should begin with PT, be sure your PT includes the OEP.
- Great start for later Stepping On® (SO) program.



#### Matter of Balance

- Includes eight weekly 2-hour sessions including peer group discussion, exercise, education and some behavior modification.
- Excellent for people who are fearful of falling.
- All exercises can be done in sitting or supported standing.
- Great start for later Stepping On.
- Visit <a href="http://www.mainehealth.org/mob">http://www.mainehealth.org/mob</a>



http://www.ptrc.org/modules/show image.aspx?imageid=307

#### Stepping On® (SO)

- Seven weekly 2-hour classes including peer discussion, exercise, expert lectures
- ► Great follow-up to Otago (OEP) &/or Matter of Balance
- SO classes include standing exercises that are done by a chair independently in class and at home
- You should feel safe standing and walking independently before you begin SO
- Visit <a href="https://wihealthyaging.org/stepping-on">https://wihealthyaging.org/stepping-on</a>

#### Tai Chi or Tai Ji Quan

- Fantastic program for ongoing fitness and balance training after Stepping On
- Does not include educational component
- Classes are usually on-going and not limited to certain weeks great for fitness
- Participants should be able to stand on one leg for 3-5 seconds



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### Finding Evidence-Based Falls Prevention Programs

Local Senior Center

Area Agency on Aging www.eldercare.gov or 1-800-677-1116



Hospitals or health clinics

http://www.triadlocalfirst.com/sites/default/files/tlfadmin/green\_phone.png

YMCA for programs like Tai Chi

#### **REMEMBER:**

Move More!

#### **Questions/Discussion**



#### **Evidence-Based Resources**

- National Council on Aging: Evidence-Based Falls Prevention Programs
  - https://www.ncoa.org/healthy-aging/fallsprevention/falls-prevention-programs-forolder-adults/
- ► Falls Free® Initiative: Find your state's chapter
  - Provides resources and evidence-based practice to reduce fall-related injuries and death among older adults
  - https://www.ncoa.org/resources/falls-freecoalition-overview/

## Thank You for Coming!

#### **Need more information?**

A Physical Therapist's Guide to Falls:

http://www.moveforwardpt.com/symptomsconditionsdetail.asp x?cid=85726fb6-14c4-4c16-9a4c-3736dceac9f0

Remaining in Your Home as you Age:

https://www.aota.org/About-Occupational-Therapy/Patients-Clients/Adults.aspx

The AARP Home Fit Guide:

http://www.aarp.org/livable-communities/info-2014/aarp-home-fit-guide-aging-in-place.html

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